## **Curriculum Map**

Subject: Combined Science

Year: 11



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Content	C10 - Chemical Analysis C10 Knowledge: How chromatography can identify	B12 Genetics and Evolution: Reproduction Types of reproduction	B14 Genetics and evolution: Accepting Darwin's ideas	Required practical skills	Revision To focus on recapping key knowledge and	External exams
Knowledge	between pure and impure substances How chromatography works Tests for common gases	Cell division in sexual reproduction The human genome DNA structure and function	Evolution and speciation Fossils and extinction Antibiotic resistant bacteria Classification	Revision To focus on recapping key knowledge and	re-address common misconceptions Embed additional exam practice for each chapter	
	C11 - The Earth's Atmosphere Understand how the atmosphere formed	Inheritance Mutations Inherited disorders	Chapter B15 Knowledge: Explain how a new species	re-address common misconceptions	Focus on key aspects of required practicals	
	Changes to the atmosphere over time How greenhouse effect works The importance of peer review	Chapter B12 Knowledge: State the two types of	is formed. Describe how fossils are formed and list the different types of fossils.			
	How to reduce carbon emissions Problems caused by pollutants	reproduction and distinguish between the two. Go through step by step the process of	Describe why the fossil record is incomplete. Explain how bacteria			
	Required Practical Identifying pure and impure substances by chromatography	meiosis and its importance. Explain how fungi reproduce. Learn how proteins are made. Describe what is meant by	become resistant. Understand the importance of classifying organisms. Look into binomial systems			
	P11 Force and Pressure: Pressure and surfaces	inheritance. List characteristics caused by genetics. Compare	of classification.			
	Pressure in a liquid at rest Atmospheric pressure	characteristics/traits caused by genetics vs. The environment.				
	Upthrust and flotation	Describe what a mutation means in terms of the DNA.				
	P12 Electromagnetic Waves: The electromagnetic spectrum Infra-red, Microwaves, Radio Waves Ultraviolet, X-rays, gamma rays X-rays in medicine P13 Electromagnetism:	Explore different inherited disorders and how they are passed on from one generation to the next. Describe how doctors can screen for genetic disorders.				
	Magnetic fields Magnetic fields and electric currents Electromagnets in devices The motor effect The generator effect	B13 Genetics and Evolution: Variation and Evolution Variation Evolution by Natural Selection Selective Breeding Genetic Engineering				

		Chapter B13 Knowledge: Knowing what is meant by variation. Explaining Darwin's theory of Natural Selection. Explain what is meant by genetic engineering. C12 - The Earth's resources Finite and Renewable energy sources Safe Water Treating water Extracting metals Life Cycle Assessments Reduce, Reuse and Recycle  C12 Knowledge: Know the difference between potable and pure water How to purify water How to make water safe for the environment How to obtain potable water Interpreting life cycle assessments How reducing, reusing and recycling of materials decrease their environmental impacts  Required Practical: Analysis and purification of water samples			
Skills	Evaluate modern instrumental methods with tradition analysis methods. Evaluate the quality of evidence in a report about global climate change  To be able to use and manipulate the pressure equations correctly To recall and identify correct scientific knowledge To be able to compare and contrast differences in uses for various sections of the the EM spectrum To be able to describe both the generator and motor effect clearly and concisely	To recall and identify correct scientific knowledge  Evaluate the use of genetic engineering  Distinguishing between finite and renewable sources Extracting and interpreting information from charts and graphs Determining the purity of water Evaluating the alternative biological methods of metal extraction Evaluating ways of reducing and uses of limited metal ores	To recall and identify correct scientific knowledge	Recalling important information Exam Technique Spacing Interleaving Elaboration	

Key Questions	How can we use chemical tests to identify unknown substances? What are the advantages and disadvantages of using industrial methods of analysis? What is global warming and why does it matter? Why does pressure change the further up you go in the atmosphere? How do mobile phones send signals to one another? How does your TV remote connect to your TV? How does an electric motor work? How can we send electricity across the entire country safely and efficiently?	What is DNA, what is a genome, and why is it so important to be able to analyse the genome of an organism? How are characteristics passed from parents to their offspring? How is human activity affecting the Earth's atmosphere?	Who was Charles Darwin? Is cloning widely used in industry?			
Assessmen t	Diagnostics Test End of Chapter Test ReAct Task	Diagnostics Test End of Chapter Test ReAct Task Mock exams	Diagnostics Test End of Chapter Test ReAct Task	Diagnostics Test End of Chapter Test ReAct Tasks Mock exams	Diagnostics Test End of Chapter Test ReAct Task	
Literacy/nu meracy/SM SC/Charact er	Numeracy: Measuring the height of a chromatogram Calculating the Rf Value of a chromatogram Reading pie charts Analysing graphs.  Chemistry Keywords: Formulations, mixtures, chromatogram, retention factor, precipitates, atmosphere, carbon footprint, carbon storage, particulates, global dimming  Physics Key words: Pressure, Upthrust, Density infrared, ultraviolet, radio waves, gamma, white light, Magnetic field, induction, electromagnet, Fleming's Left Hand Rule, motor effect, generator effect, transformer  SMSC: Working together to investigate chromatography	Numeracy: Calculating pressure and order of magnitude  Biology Key words: inheritance, screening, genome, nucleotide, polydactyl, cystic fibrosis, DNA, nucleus.  Numeracy: working out fractions, calculating percentages, working out probability Numeracy: Extracting and interpreting data from charts, graphs and tables Using order of magnitudes  Chemistry Keywords: Bioleaching, life cycle assessment, blast furnace, non-renewable  SMSC: Working together to investigate	Numeracy: Calculating current and voltage in a transformer and order of magnitude  Biology Key words: natural selection, evolution, cloning, genetic engineering, selective breeding  Biology Key words: speciation, antibiotic resistance, evolution			

	Evaluating evidence that demonstrates the rise of carbon dioxide leading to climate change	the purity of water Are there more sustainable ways of extracting metals?				
Enrichment opportunitie s and futures	STEM Club Summer Fayre at Royal Institution of Chemistry The Wellcome Collection The Faraday Museum or the Science Museum Visit Watson and Crick's original DNA model at the Science Museum in South Kensington- See their model up close Francis Crick Institure at King's Cross- Look into some current research taking place at the Francis Crick Institute in London https://www.crick.ac.uk/ Learn more about Dolly the Sheep and if you ever find yourself in Edinburgh visit her at the National Museum of Scotland- https://www.nms.ac.uk/explore-our-collections/stories/natural-world/dolly-the-sheep/ WHO AM I? Exhibition at the Science Museum in South Kensington, London. See Darwin's original copy of <i>On the Origin of Species</i> at The Natural History Museum in South Kensington, London. See the archaeopteryx and learn about its importance in terms of evolution at The Natural History Museum in South Kensington, London.					