Curriculum Map

Subject: Chemistry

Year: Year 13



Content Inerrodynamics Aromatic Chemistry NMR and Content: Amino Acids Revision Flease see Y12 Curriculum Map Ontent: - Benzene Content: - Pepfides - To focus on recations of Content: - Formatic Compounds Content: - Pepfides - - To focus on recations of Content: - Formatic Content: Content: - Pepfides - To focus on recations of Content: - Formatic Content: - Formatic Content: Content: - Pepfides - To focus on recations of Content: - Formatic Content: - To focus on recations of Content: - Formatic Content: - - Formatic Conte
Content: - Making Amines - Half Cells Intribution interaits - Measuring the rate of a reaction - Be able to name - Calculating Ecell Content: - Rate equation - Be able to name - Lithium Ion cell properties

	 Knowledge: Define acids ar bases Calculate the p of acids Explain what a weak acid is Carry out calculations for weak acids Be able to use to calculate pH strong bases State what a buffer solution i Explain how buffer solutions maintain their p Carry out buffe solution calculations Draw titration curves for different reaction Required Practical: Strong and We Acids and Base 	t Kw of H Is	dispose of polymers Inorganic Compounds Content: - Metal Aqua Ions - Ligand Substitution Knowledge: - Explain the behaviour of aluminium hydroxide - Explain what happens in ligand substitution Required Practical: - Identifying Transition Metals Organic Synthesis Content: - Formation of molecules Knowledge: - Be able to use the reactions in the specification to devise a synthesis with up to four steps for an organic compound		
Skills	 Identifying functional groups Measuring the boiling point of an ester Writing balanced equations for the formation of Be able to use thermochemica evidence to explain the extr stability of the benzene ring Recognize the structures of amines Predict the 	spectroscopy data,	 Appreciating the links with biology Be able to identify the monomers of unknown polymers Evaluate the uses and 	 Recalling important information Exam Technique Spacing Interleaving Elaboration 	

	 biodiesel from triglycerides Successfully measure the rate of a reaction Following a given method and adapting it for the experiment Writing a risk assessment Carry out a reflux experiment 	 qualitative effects of change in temperature on the position of equilibrium and Kp Understand and sketch the typical shapes of pH curves Be able to carry out a titration 	fuel cells in industry • Be able to carry out an electrochemical cell practical	 disposal of polymers Use the reactions in the specification to form an unknown molecule Be able to identify transition metals from chemical tests 	Time management	
Key Questions	Why do reactions happen? Why are some compounds more stable than others? How can we increase the speed of a chemical reaction?	How do we make aspirin? How do we make sure that many industrial processes are carried out safely? Why is it important that we do not confuse acids and bases in industry and the home?	How do we deduce the structure of an unknown compound? How do we power our portable devices such as laptops and mobile phones?	How is DNA formed? How do some chemotherapy drugs work?		
Assessment	UCAS Retake Exam End of Topic Assessments CPAC's for practicals	End of Topic Assessments CPAC's for practicals	Year 13 Mocks End of Topic Assessments CPAC's for practicals	End of Topic Assessments CPAC's for practicals	Year 13 A-Level Exams	
Literacy/nu meracy/SM SC/Charact er	Numeracy: - Calculations present in Thermodynamics Chapter - Reading a scale - Constructing a results table - Data analysis - Construction of a tangent - Calculations of rate Keywords: continuous, monitoring, rate constant, initial rate, tangent, order, rate-determining step, arrhenius	Numeracy: - Calculations of equilibrium constants - Calculation of partial pressures - Calculation of mole fractions - Use of appropriate significant figures - Calculation of pH of acids - Calculation of pH of bases - Calculation of pH of bases - Carry out buffer calculations - Carry out titration calculations - Carry out titration calculations - Keywords: partial pressure,	Numeracy: - Calculate Rf value - Calculating Ecell - Balancing RedOx equations - Reading scales - Recording data in tables - Data analysis Keywords: RedOx, half-cell, salt bridge, electrode potential, electrochemical series, fuel cell, multiplets, splitting patterns, mobile, stationary, chromatography, Rf SMSC: - Appreciate that	Numeracy: - Be able to balance complex chemical equations - Be able to calculate the energy required to excite an electron Keywords: Peptides, Proteins, Enzymes, SMSC - Cross curriculum links with Biology. - Students understand how we form new drugs to		

	SMSC: - Students working together to successfully carry out a practical - Students able to identify risks and work safely	mole fraction, equilibrium constant, dissociation, ionic product, pH scale, monoprotic acid, base, diprotic acid, pH curve, indicators, buffer, amines, benzene SMSC: - Appreciate nitration of benzene is an important step in the manufacture of explosives - Appreciate the use of amines in dyes - Work together to carry out a practical - Be able to identify risks and work safely	electrochemical cells can be used as a commercial source of electrical energy -Appreciate the benefits and risks to society associated with the use of these cells - Work together to carry out a practical - Be able to identify risks and work safely	target specific illnesses - Appreciate that computers can be used to help design such drugs - Appreciate that society needs to assess the balance between the benefits and the adverse effects of drugs		
Enrichment opportunitie s and futures	Visiting UCL for Science Lectures Summer Fayre at Royal Institute of Chemistry Royal Institution Videos Anaesthesia Heritage Centre Wellcome collection					